

Mindfulness

Changing your brain using your own mind.

Overview

- ✓ What is it?
- ✓Why use it?
- ✓ How do you do it?
- ✓ How does it work?
- How does it apply to parenting?

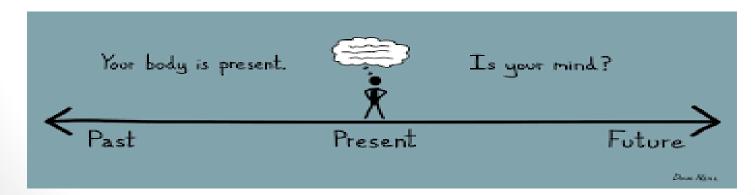
What is mindfulness?

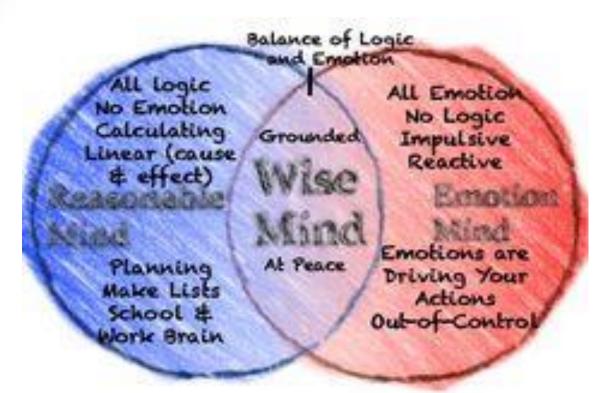
Mindfulness is "paying attention to your life, here and now, with kindness and curiosity" – Dr. Amy Saltzman

- Paying attention on purpose
 - Awareness of yourself, thoughts, feelings, environment
 - It's a "pause" from automatic reaction
- Being in the moment
 - No past or future
 - Enjoy the richness of life
- Observing in a non-judgmental way
 - No "good or bad"
 - No "shoulds"

Why mindfulness?

- Be in better control of your emotions and behaviors
- Be happier, reduce suffering
- Be more effective, productive and focused
- Sleep better
- Be less stressed
- Be healthier
- Increase your compassion for yourself and others





3 states of mind

Mindfulness

Observe Describe Participate

What Skill

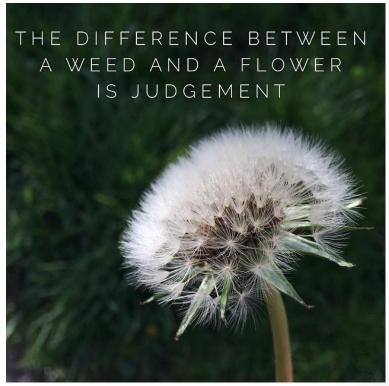
Mindfulness

•Nonjudgmental Stay focused Do what works

How skill

Judgments

- What are judgments?
- Are they harmful or helpful?
- Practice a "non judgmental stance"
- The point is to notice!
- Catch yourself and reframe...



Mindfulness

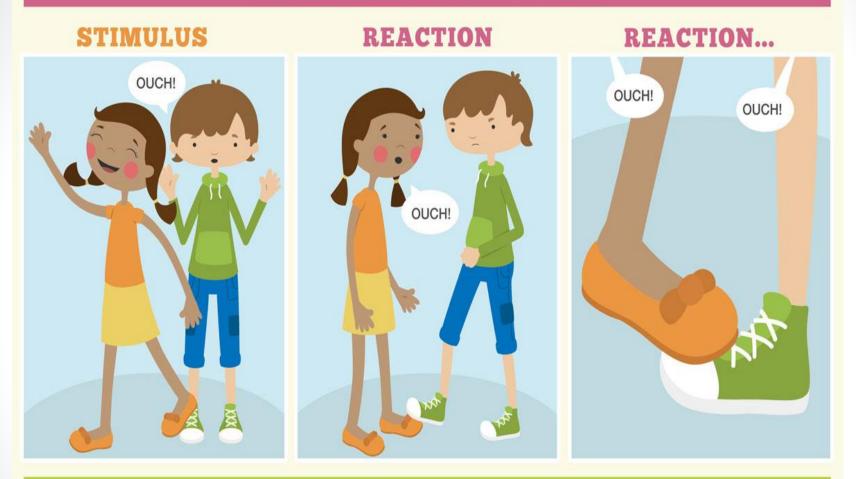
vs. Mindlessness

The Role of Automatic Thoughts, Feelings & Behaviors

- Help us manage day-to-day life (cognitive capacity)
- Well-practiced and repeated
- Stable and highly resistant to change



WITHOUT MINDFULNESS





"Shoulds"

Willing something to be different doesn't make it so ...

- Catch yourself in "shoulds":
 - I should have done better.
 - I shouldn't have said that.
 - He should know better.
 - She should be able to get control over herself.
- Let go of "shoulds"



Gratitudes:

- Incorporate the practice into daily routines (dinner, bedtime routines, etc)
- List 3 things you were grateful for each day.
- Write thank you notes to people for little things they have done for you.
- Write to the troops or a nursing home.
- Make a "gratitude wheel"
- Prayer



Self Validation

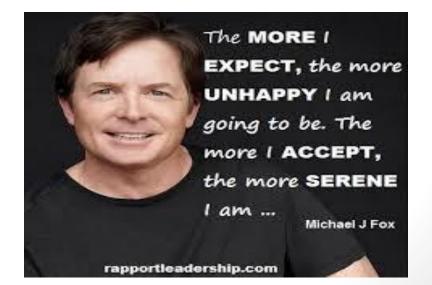
When you feel a judgment or a should coming on.... Validate your own feelings.

 "It makes sense I am upset right now. Anyone would be upset in this situation."

Dear self, I know you're doing the best you can. I believe in you. I love you! Love,

Acceptance

- When you feel a judgment or a should coming on.... Practice acceptance...
- Notice when you are fighting reality.
- What is this changing, does this make me feel better or worse?
- Instead ACCEPT "things are as they are". Doesn't mean you agree or like it -> and accept that it just is.



Changing the Brain

Neuroscience of Mindfulness

Self awareness

Greater activation in the insula

Realigned activity of amygdala

Focus and memory

Strengthens left prefrontal cortex increases white matter between prefrontal cortex and amygdala

Physiological effects,

changes to breathing rate, heart rate and blood pressure Problematic family interactions often involve automatic patterns of responding Evidence that parents who have ADHD themselves respond better to parent training after mindfulness training

Mindfulness for Parents

Most effective parenttraining models focus on changing responses to children's behaviors Parent-child relationship impacts child's selfregulation

Integrating Mindfulness into Parenting

- Listen to your child with your full attention.
- Accept your child (and yourself) without judgment.
- Imagine your child's feelings and match your Mind Full, or Mindful?
- Manage your own feelings and reactions.



Show compassion for yourself and your child.

Crisis Intervention

Self-Awareness

• The Four Questions:

- 1. What am I feeling now?
- 2. What does the other person feel, need, or want?
- 3. How is the environment affecting the other person?
- 4. How do I best respond?

Mindfulness for Children

Mindfulness can be taught effectively to children.

- duration and sophistication of mindfulness practices can be modified depending on age
 - Rule of thumb: practice for one minute per child's age

(Saltzman & Goldin, 2008)

Practice: Break Out Groups

INFORMAL

- Count to 10
- Changing One letter

FORMAL

- > 3 minute guided body scan:
 - https://www.bing.com/videos/search?q=quick+guided+body+scan&&vie w=detail&mid=45A55A1BF1C934AA578D45A55A1BF1C934AA578D&&F ORM=VRDGAR

The 3-Step Mindfulness Exercise

Observe Your Thoughts Exercise

Coming soon...

> 10/19/21 - Parent support Group

10/26/21 6:30-8 pm: Emotional Competence: Emotion Regulation & Copeing Ahead

> 11/09/21 6:30-8 pm: Crisis Communication Validation
 & Active Listening

Other Ways to Practice:

- 1. Practice Slowing Down: set a timer for two minutes and do the following. Write your name slowly on a piece of paper. Notice that you will have to think about what you are doing more. Notice that your name looks different when writing. By slowing down and paying attention to the sensation associated with something as automatic as writing your name, you recognize that you can slow down and make changes in many other behaviors.
- 2. Practice Noticing: Pick up something familiar to you, keys, wallet, phone. Notice how it feels when you touch it, turn it over, look at it from all different angles. Just feel, no words. Notice if there is anything new.
- 3. Practice: Focus on the moment: Pick a routine behavior (eating, dishes, driving_that you do automatically. Focus on the task with your full attention without multi tasking and when your mind wanders just bring it back.
 - Remember the "pause". BREATHE.
 - Practice Everyday

Other ideas for ways to practice:

- Formal: meditation, counting breaths, mindfulness to urges
- Informal: play a game, reorient to the moment, listen to a song etc.

Additional Resources:

- The Still Quiet Place (<u>www.stillquietplace.com</u>)
 Created by Dr. Saltzman for children, adolescents, and parents
- Attention Academy Program (<u>www.stressbeaters.com</u>)
 Program to develop attention skills in students, teachers and parents
- Learning To BREATHE (<u>http://learning2breathe.org/</u>)
 Mindfulness curriculum for adolescents
- Mindful kids (<u>https://mindfulkids.wordpress.com/</u>)
 Mindfulness resources for young kids
- MindUP (<u>http://thehawnfoundation.org/mindup/</u>)
 Curriculums for the classrooms

References

Arkowitz, H. & Lilienfeld, S. (2014). "Is Mindfulness Good Medicine?" Scientific American, 5(25), pp. 74-75.

Be, R., Akiva, T., Arel, S., & Roeser, R.W. (2012). Mindfulness training effects for parents and educators of children with special needs *Developmental Psychology*, Advance online publication. doi: 10.1037/a0027537

Bernier, A., Carlson, S. M., & Whipple, N. (2010). From external regulation to self-regulation: Early parenting precursors of young children's executive functioning. *Child development*, *81*(1), 326-339.

Biegel, G. M., Brown, K. W., Shapiro, S. L., & Schubert, C. M. (2009). Mindfulness-based stress reduction for the treatment of adolescent psychiatric outpatients: A randomized clinical trial. *Journal of consulting and clinical psychology*, 77(5), 855.

Broderick, P. C., & Metz, S. (2009). Learning to BREATHE: A pilot trial of a mindfulness curriculum for adolescents. *Advances in School Mental Health Promotion*, 2(1), 35-46.

Dalen, J., Brody, J. L., Staples, J. K., & Sedillo, D. (2015). A conceptual framework for the expansion of behavioral interventions for youth obesity: a family-based mindful eating approach. *Childhood Obesity*, 11(5), 577-584.

Farb, N., Anderson, A., Mayberg, H., Bean, J., McKeon, D., & Segal, Z. (2010). Minding one's emotions: Mindfulness training alters the neural expression of sadness. *American Psychological Association*, 10(1), 25-33. doi:10.1037/a0017151

Goyal M, Singh S, Sibinga EM, Gould NF, Rowland-Seymour A, Sharma R et al. Meditation Programs for Psychological Stress and Well-being: A Systematic Review and Meta-analysis. JAMA Intern Med. 2014.

Holzel, B., Carmody, J., Vangel, C., Verramsetti, S., Gard, T., & Lazar, S. (2011). Mindfulness practiceleads toincreases in regional brain gray matter density. *Psychiatry Research:Neuroimaging*,191(1), 36-43.doi:DOI: 10.1016/j.pscychresns.2010.08.006191(1), 36-43.

References

- Hölzel, B. K., Carmody, J., Evans, K. C., Hoge, E. A., Dusek, J. A., Morgan, L., ... & Lazar, S. W. (2009). Stress reduction correlates with structural changes in the amygdala. *Social cognitive and affective neuroscience*, nsp034
- Napoli, M., Krech, P. R., & Holley, L. C. (2005). Mindfulness training for elementary school students: The attention academy. *Journal of Applied School Psychology, 21*(1), 99-125. doi: 10.1300/J370v21n01_05
- Raes, F., & Williams, J. M. G. (2010). The relationship between mindfulness and uncontrollability of ruminative thinking. *Mindfulness*, 1(4), 199-203.
- Slagter H. A., Lutz, A., Greischar, L. L., Francis, A. D., Nieuwenhuis, S., Davis, J., & Davidson, R. J. (2007). Mental training affects distribution of limited brain resources. *Blos Biology*, 5(6) doi:10.1371/journal.pbio.0050138
- Saltzman, A., & Goldin, P. (2008). Mindfulness-based stress reduction for school-age children. In L. A. Greco, & S. C. Hayes (Eds.), *Acceptance and mindfulness treatments for children and adolescents: A practitioner's guide.* (pp. 139). Oakland, CA: New Harbinger Publications.
- Perepletchikova P., Axelrod (2011) Dialectical behavior therapy for children, adapted manual. Adapted from Linehan (1993) Cognitive Behavoral Therapy for Borderline Personality Disorder.
- Van der Oord, S., Bögels, S. M., & Peijnenburg, D. (2012). The effectiveness of mindfulness training for children with ADHD and mindful parenting for their parents. *Journal of child and family studies*, 21(1), 139-147.

https://mindfulness4u.org/dbt-mindfulness-exercises/

https://positivepsychology.com/mindfulness-exercises-techniques-activities/